

## ANSWERS TO SOME EXERCISES:

① Given  $\underline{F}(x, y, z) = \underbrace{\sin x}_{M} \underline{i} + \underbrace{\cos y}_{N} \underline{j} + \underbrace{z^2}_{P} \underline{k}$   
Find  $\text{div}(\underline{F})$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{div}(\underline{F}) &= \nabla \cdot \underline{F} = \left( \underline{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \underline{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \underline{k} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) (M \underline{i} + N \underline{j} + P \underline{k}) \\ &= \frac{\partial M}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial N}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial P}{\partial z}\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore \text{div}(\underline{F}) = \cos x - \sin y + 2z$  (The answer is a scalar)

② Given:  $\underline{F}(x, y, z) = \ln(xyz) (\underline{i} + \underline{j} + \underline{k})$

Find  $\text{div} \underline{F} \big|_{(3, 2, 1)}$

$\therefore \underline{F}(x, y, z) = \underbrace{\ln(xyz)}_M \underline{i} + \underbrace{\ln(xyz)}_N \underline{j} + \underbrace{\ln(xyz)}_P \underline{k}$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{div}(\underline{F}) &= \frac{\partial M}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial N}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial P}{\partial z} \\ &= \frac{1}{xyz} \cdot yz + \frac{1}{xyz} \cdot xz + \frac{1}{xyz} \cdot xy\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore \text{div}(\underline{F}(x, y, z)) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}$

$\therefore \text{div} \underline{F}(3, 2, 1) = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{11}{6}$

③ Given:  $\underline{F}(x, y, z) = \underline{i} + 2x \underline{j} + 3y \underline{k}$   
 $\underline{G}(x, y, z) = x \underline{i} - y \underline{j} + z \underline{k}$

(a)  $\text{div}(\underline{F}) = \frac{\partial M}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial N}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial P}{\partial z} = 0 + 0 + 0 = 0$

(Here  $M = 1, N = 2x, P = 3y$ )

$$(b) \text{Curl}(\underline{G}) = \nabla \times \underline{G}$$

$$= \left( \underline{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \underline{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \underline{k} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) \times (M \underline{i} + N \underline{j} + P \underline{k})$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \underline{i} & \underline{j} & \underline{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ M & N & P \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \underline{i} \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial N}{\partial z} \right) - \underline{j} \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial M}{\partial z} \right) + \underline{k} \left( \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial M}{\partial y} \right)$$

Use this with  $M = x$ ;  $N = -y$ ;  $P = z$

$$= \underline{i} (0 - 0) - \underline{j} (0 - 0) + \underline{k} (0 - 0)$$

$$\therefore \text{Curl}(\underline{G}) = \underline{0}$$

(This is a vector!)  
i.e. zero vector

$$(c) \text{div}(\underline{F} \times \underline{G})$$

$$\text{First: } \underline{F} \times \underline{G} = \begin{vmatrix} \underline{i} & \underline{j} & \underline{k} \\ 1 & 2x & 3y \\ x & -y & z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \underline{F} \times \underline{G} = \underline{i} \underbrace{(2xz + 3y^2)}_M - \underline{j} \underbrace{(z - 3xy)}_{N = -(z - 3xy)} + \underline{k} \underbrace{(-y - 2x^2)}_P$$

$$\therefore \text{div}(\underline{F} \times \underline{G}) = \frac{\partial M}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial N}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial P}{\partial z}$$

$$= (2z) + (3x) + (0)$$

$$\therefore \text{div}(\underline{F} \times \underline{G}) = 3x + 2z$$

